

## Plasminogen

### Description:

Plasminogen is a single-chain glycoprotein containing 791 amino acid residues and 2% carbohydrate. Plasminogen is the inactive precursor of plasmin, a potent serine protease involved in the dissolution of fibrin blood clots.

### Application:

Plasmin cleaves fibrin/fibrinogen and blood coagulation factors V/Va and VIII/VIIIa. It activates metalloproteinases by cleaving the inactive proenzymes. It is also involved in the activation of growth factors, such as vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) and transforming growth factor  $\beta$  (TGF- $\beta$ ).

**MW:** 92,000 Daltons.

**Activity:** 3-5 units/mg protein.

**Storage and form:** -20 °C (Lyophilized powder)

**Package size:** Bulk.

### Reference:

1. Parfyonova, Y.V. et al., Plasminogen activators in vascular remodeling and angiogenesis. *Biochemistry* 67, 119, (2002).
2. Rifkin, D.B., et al., Plasminogen/plasminogen activator and growth factor activation. *Ciba Found. Symp.* 212, 105, (1997).
3. Rijken, D.C., and , Sakharov, D.V., Basic principles in thrombolysis: regulatory role of plasminogen. *Thromb. Res.* 103, Suppl. 1, (2001).